

## STYLE GUIDE

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## The world is full of possibilities, and so are you.

Welcome to the PBS KIDS Style Guide! You play an important role in bringing the PBS KIDS brand to life and giving children across your community a way to explore the world around them. Use this tool for guidance on how to use the building blocks that make up the PBS KIDS brand identity - the logo, colors, typography, design elements, and more.

The PBS KIDS Style Guide will be updated with additional specs and examples over time, and we welcome your feedback. Please contact the PBS KIDS team if you have questions that are not covered in this guide.

Thank you for being a part of the PBS KIDS family.


## LOGO

The PBS KIDS logo is fun, welcoming and bright. It is inclusive of all children and brings the optimism of the brand to life through vibrant colors, playful letters and an iconic circular shape.

This primary PBS KIDS logo should be used the majority of the time.

| PBS Blue | PBS KIDS Green | White |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| \#2638C4 | \#99CF16 | \#FFFFFF |
| 100 065 | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |
| 293C | 376C |  |



## PRIMARY

Logos for digital \& screen do NOT include SM symbol


BLACK

Use this logo where color is not available.


REVERSE
Use this logo when appearing over PBS Blue, otherwise the circular shield of the primary logo will appear invisible.

Try to avoid placing PBS KIDS logo on PBS Blue so that the primary, full-color version can be used.


Do not place color logo on PBS Blue. Use Reverse version of logo.


Do not add decorative effects such as emboss or drop shadow to the logo.


Do not separate shield or text.


Do not add stroke to shield.


Do not change colors of shield or text.


Do not allow the background color to show through the text.


Do not rotate the logo.


Do not make the logo grayscale. Use "Black" or "White" version.


Do not overlap or place elements in front of logo.


Do not stretch logo.


It is OK for the logo to incidentally overlap design elements


Do not attach lines or design elements to the logo

Most of these rules may be broken in animation as long as
logo resolves to unaltered logo.


Include a minimum padding around the logo that is equivalent to $25 \%$ of the logo's diameter.

This padding should be maintained when the logo is displayed alongside other logos, text, titles, the edge of the screen, the edge of the page, and similar elements.

Characters and visual elements associated with the PBS KIDS brand may be presented in closer proximity, subject to approval.

Do not attach design elements or titles to the logo.

## PRINT VERSIONS (CMYK/PANTONE)



PRIMARY

Logos for print ALWAYS
include SM symbol


BLACK


WHITE


REVERSE

Use this logo where color is not available. en logo when appearing over PBS Blue, otherwise the circular shield of the primary logo will appear invisible.

Try to avoid placing PBS KIDS logo on PBS Blue so that the primary, full-color version can be used.

## ADDITIONAL GUIDELINES

## PBS KIDS ${ }^{\circledR}$ is the \#1 educational media brand for children.

## PBS KIDS IN TEXT

When written in text, PBS KIDS should always appear in all caps. The first time that PBS KIDS is referenced in print, the registered trademark symbol ${ }^{\circledR}$ ) must be used.

## OWNERSHIP ATTRIBUTION

The PBS KIDS ownership attribution line provides notice of ownership and should be used on printed materials (e.g. postcards, flyers, activity books, product packaging, bags, t -shirts) and web pages. It can be placed in small font at the bottom or end of the design/page. The text should read:

COLOR
Our color palette is vibrant and full of wonder. Like the PBS KIDS brand overall, it celebrates the joys of childhood, play and learning.

The PBS KIDS primary palette features $\mathbf{1 0}$ core colors around which we base $\mathbf{9 9 . 9 \%}$ of our designs.


To ensure readability on digital screens, color pairings must pass contrast guidelines. Dots repesent acceptable usage of white/black on Primary brand colors.

## LARGE TEXT/GRAPHICS



Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) define large text as text that is 18pt and larger, or 14pt and larger if it is bold.

Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) define graphics as follows..

- User Interface Components: Visual information required to identify user interface components and states, except for inactive components
- Graphical Objects: Parts of graphics required to understand the content



## TYPOGRAPHY

Typography communicates PBS KIDS' unique personality and smart-funny brand attitude. Our custom family of PBS KIDS fonts is chunky and whimsical, yet clear and simple.

WHEN TO USE
Use PBS KIDS Headline for all applications whenever possible such as primary messages, headers, buttons, etc.

Avoid using Condensed for primary messages, headers, buttons, etc.

Use Arial (Regular and Bold) on platforms where custom fonts are not available.

Text color must have enough contrast against background (See Appendix B).

## PBS KIDS HEADLINE <br> ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 0123456789

## PBS KIDS HEADLINE BOLD ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 0123456789

## PBS KIDS HEADLINE CONDENSED

PBS KIDS HEADLINE CONDENSED BOLD

WHEN TO USE
Use PBS Sans for large blocks of copy, fine print, etc.

Avoid using PBS Sans for primary messages, headers, buttons, etc.

Try to limit use to either Regular or Bold weights.

Use Arial (Regular and Bold) on platforms where custom fonts are not available.

Text color must have enough contrast against background (See Appendix B).

See the PBS Style Guide for more information on using PBS Sans.

# PBS SANS REGULAR ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 0123456789 

## PBS SANS BOLD ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 0123456789

## PBS SANS CONDENSED <br> PBS SANS CONDENSED BOLD



## DESIGN ELEMENTS

Dynamic design elements round out the PBS KIDS brand package, with simple lines and shapes that kids recognize from the real world and can draw themselves.

## LINE \& SHAPE

Basic lines \& shapes - circle, oval, square, rectangle, triangle - are used for backgrounds, banners and design accents.

To give the PBS KIDS identity a kid-friendly, whimsical feel, we restrict our use of parallel lines and skew the angles of basic shapes.

## LINE \& SHAPE USAGE



Do make shapes slightly irregular.


Do not leave the line hanging.


Do not use parallel lines and perfect angles.


Do not create overly complex line structures. Limit line to a few turns between shapes.


Do use circles sparingly. Rectangles > Triangles > Circles.


Do use the line to connect information/text.


Do not create extreme angles or curves


Do not use white and black lines together. Select one or the other.

Before getting too far along in the design and production process, consider talking directly to a professional and/or experienced printer.
Every professional printer has it's own specs (print profile) and requirements.

## What's the difference between RGB and CMYK?

RGB = Red, Green and Blue. RGB colors are created from red, green and blue light, which can vary depending on the intensity of each color. These colors are most often used for the internet, computers, tv/monitors, smartphones, etc. RGB values/numbers have corresponding HEX\# color codes too. (see Page 9)

CMYK = Cyan, Magenta, Yellow and Black. CMYK colors are the four ink colors used primarily for 4-color printing - such as flyers, brochures, posters, etc. Different colors, hues and values can vary depending on the density of each ink-color being printed.

## What is Spot Color? (PMS)

Spot color is pretty much what it sounds like. It's a single, solid, printed color that rarely has shading. It's another printing process that's often used on surfaces other than paper, such as T-shirts, fabric, hats, pens, etc. For example, to print the PBS KIDS logo would entail two spot colors, PBS Blue and PBS KIDS Green. However, when spot-printing on a colored surface, a white spot-color will need to be printed in order to make the colors appear vibrant and correct or "legal." Spot colors are often associated with Pantone Matching System colors (PMS).

## Additional <br> Brand Resources

## PBS KIDS Brand Guide

Available on the Source
PBS KIDS Voice \& Tone Guide
Available on the Source
PBS KIDS Station Architecture
Available on the Source

## PBS Style Guide

Available on the Source

## Contact Information

We're here to help! Contact us with questions.

## Brand

pbskidsandeducation@pbs.org

## PR

pbskidspr@pbs.org

## PBS Station Services

stations@pbs.org

Feel free to contact PBS Station Services with questions about sub-licensing the PBS KIDS logo to partners or when integrating PBS KIDS series characters into your design.

APPENDIX A

## SUPPORTING

 COLORS

Shades to be paired with primary palette colors for dimensional, utilitarian and navigational needs. Creates subtle layering of design elements without creating too much contrast.

## PRIMARY SHADES USAGE

SECONDARY BUTTONS
Primary shade allows GROWNUPS and CC to look less prominent than PREV, PAUSE, PLAY.

## INTERACTIVE ELEMENT DEPTH

Primary shade used
to give button depth

CONNECTING ADJACENT AREAS
Primary shade bottom background visually connects it to primary Blue space.

DO NOT USE IN PLACE OF PRIMARY COLOR


Primary shades should not be used in large areas, as basis of design or as key visual elements

## ADDITIONAL UI PALETTE

| Error Red | Dark Purple | Dark Gray |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| \#D6383A | \#6A1B9A | \#353535 |

A deeper red reserved for error, close, cancel messages and buttons

A versatile, high-contrast color for text and icons

Softer alternatives to black for normal text on white

## CONTRAST \& ACCESSIBILITY

PBS KIDS believes every child is deserving of learning opportunities. That's why we are committed to making media accessible to all kids. Across our platforms, we ensure all important information and elements are visible to as many users as possible, and pass WCAG AA guidelines.

## COLOR CONTRAST USAGE



* Large text is defined as 14pt (approximately 18.5 px )
bold or 18pt (approximately 24px) and larger.

Non-UI boundaries
No requirement


## Large text*

3:1 required (AA)

## Regular text

 4.5:1 required (AA)** For people with cognitive disabilities it is recommended to delineate the boundary of controls to aid in the recognition of controls

## AA COLOR CONTRAST GUIDE

To ensure readability on digital screens, color pairings must pass color contrast guidelines. Dots below repesent color acceptable combinations.

## LARGE TEXT/GRAPHICS (3:1 RATIO WCAG 2 AA)



PBS KIDS digital color usage must meet WCAG 2 level AA

## AA COLOR CONTRAST GUIDE

To ensure readability on digital screens, color pairings must pass color contrast guidelines. Dots below repesent color acceptable combinations.
NORMAL TEXT (4.5:1 RATIO WCAG 2 AA)


PBS KIDS digital color usage must meet WCAG 2 level AA

## AA COLOR CONTRAST GUIDE FOR PRIMARY SHADES

To ensure readability on digital screens, color pairings must pass color contrast guidelines. Dots below repesent color acceptable combinations.

## LARGE TEXT/GRAPHICS (3:1 RATIO WCAG 2 AA)

PBS KIDS digital color usage must meet WCAG 2 level AA

## AA COLOR CONTRAST GUIDE FOR PRIMARY SHADES

To ensure readability on digital screens, color pairings must pass color contrast guidelines. Dots below repesent color acceptable combinations.
PBS KIDS digital color usage must meet WCAG 2 level AA

## AAA COLOR CONTRAST GUIDE

To ensure readability on digital screens, color pairings must pass color contrast guidelines. Dots below repesent color acceptable combinations.

## LARGE TEXT (4.5:1 RATIO WCAG 2 AAA)



Though not required, a high-contrast option should be made available to meet level AAA requirements when possible.

## AAA COLOR CONTRAST GUIDE

To ensure readability on digital screens, color pairings must pass color contrast guidelines. Dots below repesent color acceptable combinations.

NORMAL TEXT (7:1 RATIO WCAG 2 AAA)


Though not required, a high-contrast option should be made available to meet level AAA requirements when possible.

## AAA COLOR CONTRAST GUIDE FOR PRIMARY SHADES

To ensure readability on digital screens, color pairings must pass color contrast guidelines. Dots below repesent color acceptable combinations.

## LARGE TEXT (4.5:1 RATIO WCAG 2 AAA)



Though not required, a high-contrast option should be made available to meet level AAA requirements when possible.

## AAA COLOR CONTRAST GUIDE FOR PRIMARY SHADES

To ensure readability on digital screens, color pairings must pass color contrast guidelines. Dots below repesent color acceptable combinations.


Though not required, a high-contrast option should be made available to meet level AAA requirements when possible.

## APPENDIX C CHANGELOG

## CHANGELOG

## Version 1.3.1

Fixed typo.

## Version 1.3

Added more details to logo minimum padding specs on page 5.
Clarified usage of reverse logo on pages 3 \& 6.

